

AMENDMENTS TO CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A high speed search method in a speech encoder using an order character of LSP (Line Spectrum Pair) ~~coefficients~~ ~~parameters in a~~ ~~an~~ ~~LSP~~ ~~count~~ ~~parameter~~ quantizer using SVQ (Split Vector Quantization) used in a low-speed transmission speech encoder, the high-speed search method comprising the steps of:

rearranging a first codebook ~~by replacing the first codebook with a new codebook in which a number of code vectors in the new codebook are arranged in an order according to an element value of a reference row of the first codebook~~ for determining a range of code vectors to be searched; and

determining a search range by using an order character between a given target vector and an arranged code vector to obtain an optimal code vector.

2. (Currently Amended) The high-speed search method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the rearranging step comprises the steps of:

selecting the reference row in ~~each~~ the first codebook by using a plurality of voice data, and then determining an optimal arrangement position (Nm) in which an average search range is minimized; and

replacing the first codebook with ~~a~~ the new codebook in which a number (Lm) of code vectors in the new codebook are arranged in a descending order according to ~~an~~ the element value of ~~the~~ a selected said reference row.

3. (Currently Amended) The high-speed search method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the code vector-obtaining step comprises the step of:

determining the search range by forward and backward comparison of the element value of the reference row in the ~~arranged first~~ codebook and element values of ~~rows~~ ~~positions~~ before and after ~~the~~ ~~a~~ reference position in the target vector; and

obtaining an error criterion ($E_{l,m}$) having high computational complexity by using the ~~below~~ ~~Equation 2~~ ~~following equation~~ only within the determined search range:

$$E_{l,m} = (\mathbf{p}_m - \mathbf{p}_{l,m})^T \mathbf{W}_m (\mathbf{p}_m - \mathbf{p}_{l,m})$$

$$0 \leq m \leq M - 1$$

$$1 \leq l \leq L_m$$

where l, m in the subscript of $E_{l,m}$ are indices that represent the l th index of the m th codebook, i.e., the letters "l" and "m," and

where superscript T designates the transpose of $(\mathbf{p}_m - \mathbf{p}_{l,m})$ for purposes of determining the dot product of $(\mathbf{p}_m - \mathbf{p}_{l,m})$ and $\mathbf{W}_m (\mathbf{p}_m - \mathbf{p}_{l,m})$ in order to calculate the least-mean-square error $E_{l,m}$.

4. (Currently Amended) The high-speed search method as claimed in claim 3,

wherein the search range is an average number with which an element value of the n^{th} row in the ~~arranged first~~ codebook and element values in the $n+1^{\text{th}}$ and $n-1^{\text{th}}$ positions of the target vector satisfy the order character.

5. (Currently Amended) A high-speed search method in the G.729 fixed codebook with decreased computational complexity without loss of tone quality, the high-speed search method comprising the steps of:

arranging position indexes of ~~tracts~~ ~~tracks~~ (t_0, t_1, t_2) in a descending order according to a correlation level ($d'(n)$);

determining a range to search a ~~tract~~ ~~track~~ (t_3) according to the indexes arranged in a descending order; and

canceling the detecting and searching processes which ~~has~~ ~~have~~ a low probability.

6. (Currently Amended) The high-speed search method in the G.729 fixed codebook as claimed in claim 5, wherein the arranging step comprises the step of:

comparing correlation vectors of all of the pulse position indexes in each track to arrangingarrange the position indexes in a descending order.

7. (Currently Amended) The high-speed search method in the G.729 fixed codebook as claimed in claim 5, wherein the search range-determining step comprises the steps of:

adding correlation values of each pulse position index for thea pulse position index combination of the tracks (t_0, t_1, t_2); and

comparing thean added result with a threshold (C_{th}) determined before thesearchof searching the fixed codebook to search track (t_3) using anthe added result more than the threshold.

8. (Currently Amended) The high-speed search method in the G.729 fixed codebook as claimed in claim 5, wherein the canceling step comprises the step of:

canceling the searching process for the range where thean added result is less than thea threshold.